1. SELECT name, job, salary FROM employees WHERE ( job=’Clerk’ OR job=’Analyst’ ) AND ( salary <> 1000 OR salary <> 3000 OR salary <> 5000 ) .

-----------OR-----------

SELECT name, job, salary FROM employees WHERE salary NOT IN (3000, 1000, 5000) AND ( job=’Clerk’ OR job=’Analyst’).

1. SELECT \* from employee WHERE row\_num<=4 ORDER BY salary DESC
2. SELECT AVG(salary) AS "AvgSalary" FROM employees.
3. SELECT name, department\_no, hiredate from employees ORDER BY department\_no ASC, hiredate DESC.
4. SELECT name, department\_no, hiredate FROM employees where hiredate BETWEEN ’01-01-1981’ AND ’30-06-1981’.
5. SELECT \* FROM employees ORDER BY hiredate ASC.
6. SELECT DISTINCT job FROM employees.
7. SELECT MIN(salary),MAX(salary) FROM employees.
8. SELECT sum(salary) as ‘sumSalary’ FROM employees.
9. SELECT MAX(salary)-MIN(salary) as ‘salaryDifference’ FROM employees.
10. SELECT name FROM employees WHERE name LIKE '\_\_A%'.
11. SELECT count(\*) FROM employees WHERE salary > 2000.
12. SELECT COUNT(\*),SUM(salary) from employees where job=’salesman’.